

## HAIL WILSON AS CANDIDATE FOR NOMINATION

Democrats Expect No Other Aspirant to Make Any Headway Now.

### PRESIDENT BACK IN WHITE HOUSE

Train Delayed by Block at Baltimore on Return from Indianapolis.

Washington, Jan. 9.—President Wilson returned from Indianapolis at 5:05 o'clock this afternoon, after frantic attempts to avoid delay at Baltimore, where his train was impeded by an accident to another in the tunnel.

Extra speed was run on, however, after the journey at length was resumed at Baltimore, and the President thus was enabled to reach the White House in time to keep an engagement with Chandler Anderson, who has been investigating the detention camps for prisoners of war in different European countries.

Mr. Anderson was formerly counselor to the State Department. He visited France, Germany, Austria and Great Britain for the department to inspect the detention camps. He reported that charges that the prisoners were being ill-treated were unfounded.

### Very Important Collections AT UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE Under the Management of

### The American Art Association ALL OF WHICH WILL BE ON FREE PUBLIC VIEW

### At The American Art Galleries

MADISON SQUARE SOUTH.

Beginning Friday of This Week, January 15th AND CONTINUING UNTIL THE DATES OF SALE

The Private Collection of Early English Portraits and Other Paintings including "The Hon. Mrs. Bushell," by

Sir Henry Raeburn

which is reproduced in colors in the current number of the "London Connoisseur," formed by the late

F. A. G. Hood, Esq.

Dorset Square, London

and to be sold by direction of his son, F. W. Hood, Esq., of New York, according to the conditions brought about by the European war.

THE FOLLOWING ARTISTS ARE REPRESENTED:

Raeburn, Reynolds, Gilbert Stuart, Beechey (3), Opie (2), Ramsay, Cotes, Linnell, Peters, Lawrence, Lely, Coypel, Le Sueur, Rigaud, Angelica Kauffmann, Salvador Rosa, Van Goyen (2), Jan Steen, De Keyser, Zuccherino, Cuyp, De Bray, De Troy, Van der Helst, and others.

TO BE SOLD

On Thursday Evening

January 21st, at 8:30 o'clock

in the

Grand Ball Room of the Plaza

By Direction of the Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia Trustee Under Agreement with the Late

Charles H. Cramp

Philadelphia

Antique and Modern

Chinese & Japanese

Bronzes

of

Rare Artistic Excellence

TO BE SOLD AT THE

American Art Galleries

Thursday Afternoon

January 21st, at 3 o'clock

The Collection of an Amateur

TO BE SOLD

Monday Afternoon,

January 25th, at 3:30 o'clock

The Private Collection of

Mrs. Albert Tucker

Sharon, Connecticut

Valuable

Antique Furniture

Sixteenth and Seventeenth Century Spanish, French, Italian and German, and Eighteenth Century English. Old Terra Cottas and Porcelains from the San Donato Collection. Rare Rugs, and other interesting Art Property.

ILLUSTRATED AND OTHER CATALOGUES AND FURTHER INFORMATION WILL BE FURNISHED BY THE MANAGERS

The sales will be conducted by

MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY

and his assistant, Mr. Otto Bernet, of the

AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers.

2, 4 and 6 E. 23d Street, Madison Sq. South, New York.

If It's Advertised in

The Tribune

It's Guaranteed.

See Editorial Page, First Column.

## HOW FRENCH DEFY DEATH IN TRENCHES

Corporal Gives Graphic Description of All-Night Attack.

## GREATEST MENTAL STRAIN IN WAITING

Dawn Finds Ground Covered with Dead and Dying Germans. Victims of Bayonets.

By C. INMAN BARNARD.

[Paris Correspondent of the New York Tribune.]

Paris, Jan. 9.—The most picturesque description of night fighting in the trenches written by any French correspondent at the front is published today in "Le Figaro." It comes from Charles Tardieu, corporal in an infantry regiment and is a detailed record, half hour by half hour, of a night of attacks and counter attacks from 6 o'clock in the evening until dawn.

After describing three successive German assaults, during which searchlights and flares played important parts, the coronal notes:

"225 a. m.—All the corporals run back for ammunition. We had expended a hundred rounds each. In a big way go to our ammunition reserve, hid in a big hole, and would not return to the credit of the President. The proposition to establish a federal employment bureau they pointed to as a confession on the part of the Democrats that their policy toward business had been a failure."

"There was no necessity for consideration of a problem of this kind under a Republican administration," was the general retort.

"The attack upon the minority of the Senate was unfair, undignified and inexcusable," said Senator Gallinger.

**Gallinger Criticizes Speech.**

"It is, I think, unique in the history of the government that the President has made a partisan political address denouncing those in a co-ordinate branch of the government who are not in sympathy with his views on public questions. There are other things to say to the Republican party which, to say the least, are not dignified. To sneer at a party of the past which has not progressed with time is to falsify history."

Senator Burton, of Ohio, said: "The President could not have had all the data before him on the ship-purchase question or he would not have made the criticism he did make of the self-styled friends of business."

Typical of the general Republican view in the House of the President's speech was the comment of Representative Martin B. Madden, of Illinois, who said:

"I did not expect such a partisan speech from the President of the United States. I was particularly impressed by his advocacy of employment agencies. Such agencies go hand in hand with Democratic administrations. When the Republicans are returned to power all factories are employment agencies."

Representative Poess, of Ohio, like the President, as a college professor, Mr. Poess, said:

"The President has been accustomed to have his way. His speech is a disappointment because it is fretful and I attribute this fretfulness to the fact that he has been used to giving orders and having them obeyed, whereas some of them are not now being obeyed in the Senate. He has had his way here in the House. The Senate has not been so obedient and the President has become petulant."

"There is something to say also about the President's assertion that the federal trade commission bill in reality provided for a tariff commission. He says, 'We were at pains to see that it would not in there,' referring to a provision for investigation of the tariff, although 'they apparently have not noticed it.'

"Does the President mean that he has surreptitiously included in a bill something about what Congress knew nothing? Has he misled Speaker Clark and Mr. Underwood both of whom oppose a tariff commission?"

"The truth is that the Federal Trade Commission is not a tariff investigating board. The only clause in the bill applying to foreign trade relates to trade and commerce and not the tariff. This section reads, in defining the duties of the commission: 'To investigate, from time to time, trade conditions in and with foreign countries or where associations, combinations or practices of manufacturers, merchants or traders, or other conditions, may affect the foreign trade of the United States, and to report to Congress thereon with such recommendation as it may deem advisable.'

"It includes a trade promotion clause, not a provision for a scientific board to investigate tariff duties."

Mr. Esh, of Wisconsin, one of the ranking Republicans of the Interstate Commerce Committee, which reported the trade commission bill, said:

"It was never suggested that this was a tariff board or committee. The trade commission has no work cut out for it in this country and will be busy. It is in no sense clothed with the authority of a tariff board."

Party of 32 Arrives on the Meantime, Which Had Roughest Kind of a Trip.

British Officers TO VISIT SCHWAB

Party of 32 Arrives on the Meantime, Which Had Roughest Kind of a Trip.

OLD PROPHECY OF CRISPI PUBLISHED

Former Italian Premier Predicted War Would Follow Franco-Russian Alliance.

Rome, Dec. 27.—The newly established journal "Concordia" opens its career by the publication of a letter hitherto unknown from the hand of Francesco Crispi, who guided the foreign affairs of Italy for so many years. In the course of the letter, now made public, Signor Crispi said:

"The alliance endangers the liberty of Europe. France did not demand and obtain it to the advantage of the nation, but out of resentment and vindictiveness. If the rest of Europe succeeds in the balance of power will be disturbed on the old continent, and therefore the nations will have no peace. Then a new war will break out, a war for the liberation of mankind. France, like another Esau, has sold her birthright. In order to regain two lost provinces she has handed the Adriatic and Mediterranean over to the Cossacks. I said to myself, France will not win. But if she is victorious she will be compelled sooner or later to turn her arms against her present

## MAETERLINCK SAYS BRUSSELS IS MINED

Frankfort, Dec. 27.—The Amsterdam correspondent of the "Frankfurter Zeitung" telegraphs that for several weeks the Belgian poet Maurice Maeterlinck has tried to convince the public of the story that the well known Grande Place, in Brussels, is under mined.

Maeterlinck has furthermore declared repeatedly in Milan that Antwerp, Ghent, Bruges and Brussels were irrevocably doomed to destruction. He asserted that not only the Grande Place, but the City Hall and the cathedral in Brussels, have been undermined by the Germans, and that a spark would suffice to blow them into the air and to make ruins of them. He says he knows all these facts from the most reliable authorities.

**FRENCH ENTIRELY FRIENDLY TO U.S.**

Absolute Confidence in Wilson's Determination To Be Neutral.

By C. INMAN BARNARD.

[Paris Correspondent of the Tribune.]

Paris, Jan. 9.—Many misleading assertions are in circulation here and abroad concerning the feeling of the French people and the French Ministry toward the United States and the Washington Cabinet. The Tribune correspondent is authorized on the high authority to state that the sentiments of an overwhelming majority of the French people and of the French government have never been more friendly than now.

The noble and spontaneous generosity of American citizens toward the French wounded and for those in need owing to the terrible losses suffered by the French army in the battle of Verdun, and the great services rendered by the American Red Cross to the French army, have won the admiration of the French people and the French government.

Frenchmen are deeply grateful to the United States for its prompt and effective assistance in the field of war.

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## GARIBALDI KILLED IN BRILLIANT DASH

Captain Gives the Italian Press Thrilling Story of Onslaught.

## TRENCHES DYNAMITED BEFORE THE CHARGE

Lieutenant Constantino Riddell with Grapeshot—No Garib